# DIA RESOURCE GUIDE 2014

Clinical Trial Disclosure: Towards a More Transparent World



## Clinical Trial Disclosure: Towards a More Transparent World

### Contents

Introduction	4
An Update on Clinical Trial Registries and Results Disclosure in the EU and US	5
EudraCT V9–Publication of Result-related Information in Europe	5
EudraCT V9 – What to Expect: An Industry Perspective	6
Opportunities and Challenges Faced by Academia and Industry in Meeting Disclosure Obligations: An Overview of Policy, Process, and Technology	8
One Company's Approach to Clinical Trial Disclosure	8
Using Technology to Power a Unified Global Disclosure Process: Industry and Academia	9
Clinical Trial Disclosure Systems	10
Meeting Regional Disclosure Requirements While Aiming for a Global Standard	11
Consistency	11
Posting Protocols	12
Disclosure Costs	12
Managing Registration and Disclosure	13
Impact of Increasing Regulatory Transparency on Publications	14
Legislation, Recommendations, and Policies	14
Impact of New Laws	14
Impact of New ICMJE Recommendations	15
Lay Summaries	16
Peer Review	16
Disclosing Participant-level Data: Goals and Challenges	18
Multi-Regional Clinical Trials (MRCT) Center Data Sharing & Transparency Workgroup	
Yale Open Data Access (YODA)	19
Data Sharing in a World Firmly Rooted in Journal Publications: The Concept of Restoring Invisible and Abandoned Trials	20
The Right to Know: Patients and Clinical Trial Results	22
Making Clinical Trial Results Understandable for Patients and Their Families	22
Food for Thought: Rare Diseases and Patient-Level Data Disclosure	23
Non-interventional Studies: The Next Wave of Disclosure Requirements	25
Non-interventional Study Design & Types	25
Overview of International NIS Disclosure Laws & PASS Studies	26
ClinicalTrials.gov Database and DIA Observational Study Subgroup	27

Clinical Trial Disclosure – FDA Enforcement Activities	29
Clinical Trial Transparency Initiatives	29
Clinical Trial Transparency: Office of Inspector General, Department of Health and Human Services	
Contributors	32
Appendix A: Glossary	34

#### Introduction

Transparency of clinical trial information is taking on new dimensions, including the release of participant-level data. Discussions now focus on the different mechanisms for transparency and their scope, objectives, and audiences. This increased transparency changes the availability and use of information from clinical trials and brings with it new data-use opportunities and operational challenges for industry and academia.

On October 1-2, 2013, DIA held the meeting: Clinical Trial Disclosure: Towards a More Transparent World to take a closer look at these issues. From that meeting, we have compiled this resource guide to walk you through the:

- current clinical trial disclosure requirements in the US and EU;
- interrelationships among medical writing, regulatory affairs, and clinical trials disclosure teams to maintain consistency for protocol registration and results reporting;
- impact of greater transparency in the clinical trial disclosure environment on industry and academia; and
- advantages and implications of the availability of clinical trial disclosure databases.

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# An Update on Clinical Trial Registries and Results Disclosure in the EU and US

#### **EudraCT V9–Publication of Result-related Information in Europe**

<u>EudraCT</u> is a registry of information on all interventional clinical trials of medicinal products with the following characteristics:

- At least one site in an EU or European Economic Area (EEA) country
- At least one site in a non-EU/EEA country if part of a pediatric investigation plan (PIP)
- Started on or after May 1, 2004

EudraCT contains data on more than 7 million participants in 35,000 clinical trials in adults and 3,000 trials in children.

The full EudraCT dataset is accessible only to EU and EEA regulators, but some EudraCT data are available to the public through the <u>EU Clinical Trials Register</u> (EU CTR) and the <u>World Health Organization's (WHO's) International Clinical Trials Registry Platform</u>.

Components of two EU regulations—<u>Article 57(2) of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004</u> published in 2004 and <u>Article 41 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006</u> published in 2006 called for posting and publishing result-related information on clinical trials. The EU subsequently published guidelines specifying the clinical trial results that must be entered into EudraCT.

The current version of EudraCT, V8, contains only protocol-related information on clinical trials. The EMA is upgrading EudraCT to enable sponsors to enter clinical trial results into EudraCT for publication in the EU CTR. In developing V9, the EMA worked closely with colleagues in the United States (NIH) to ensure consistency with the data model of ClinicalTrials.gov and regarding standardization of the data formats for uploading. In EudraCT V9, clinical trial sponsors, PIP addressees, and ministries of health will be able to post clinical trial results using the EudraCT interface or by uploading an XML file. After the results are submitted, an automated system will complete a technical validation of the data. If the validation findings are positive, the results dataset will be made publicly available on the EU CTR within 15 days for.

- Phases 2–4 trials in adults and Phase 1 trials in adults only if part of a PIP
- Phases 1–4 trials in children

The posting party will be able to add updates later, but earlier versions will continue to be available to the public. The EMA will be able to remove information that is not valid or add a note to this effect.

The deadlines for posting results to EudraCT are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Deadlines for Posting Clinical Trial Results on EudraCT V9						
Clinical trial end date	Type of	Deadline for	Type of information			